

HOW TO COMMUNICATELCA RESULTS EFFECTIVELYTO DRIVE BUSINESS DECISIONS

GENERAL GUIDELINES



Managing Expectations

- Set expectations early
- •The study will:
- Require resources
- Require commitment
- Be iterative
- •LCA is not:
- A panacea
- A risk assessment
- The results may:
- Reveal actionable insights
- Reveal surprising or counterintuitive results
- Show no real differences in impacts of interest

Frame the Results

- Clearly convey functional unit, reference flows, system boundary, and assumptions
- LCIA:
- Which impact categories were included, and why?
- Which impact categories were the most impactful or relevant, and why?
- Explain trends & tradeoffs
- Use appropriate graphics:
 - Avoid implicit comparisons
 - Explain any normalization
- Convey limitations
- LCIA does not predict actual impacts
- LCIA should never be used as a sole basis for comparative assertions

Communicate Significance

- Communicate uncertainty along LCIA results
- Address how inherent uncertainties may influence the study results, conclusions, or recommendations
- If possible, convey how impactful the LCA study results are relative to some metric the audience can relate to

Tell the Story

- Know your audience
- Make your story meaningful to them
- Clearly state conclusions
- Explain rationale behind key findings
- Explain the reasons for the differences
- Provide actionable recommendations
- Convey the relative magnitude of relative results
- Consider a multi-level messaging strategy

Source: Environmental Life Cycle Assessment: Measuring the Environmental Performance of Products



ORGANIZATIONAL INFLUENCERS









Business Leaders



Marketing Groups



General Sustainability Training



Sustainability Experts



External Customers/ Investors





PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT TEAMS/ENGINEERING

SUMMARY



What has been successful:

- Customize the message to you audience! What types of media work best?
 - Webpage, poster, webinar, video, graphic, text/chart etc.
- Considerations (take away from each example as bullet)
 - Skilled in understanding complex topic.
 - Show the audience their opportunity
 - Solid evidence backed up by all the detail you have, Let them look over the evidence in their own time
 - Expects data, not just stories. Focus on the data more than the conclusions. Story telling based on sustainable attributes
 - Capture examples and convert to detailed stories with photos etc.
 - If results don't align with their expectations, may question validity of the study. Make limitations of the study clear without undermining credibility of the study. Show enough detail of the complexity to support conclusions.
 - Prefer something actionable as an outcome
 - Different functions are involved: sales, marketing, engineering and education
 - Leveraging content into existing channels and tools in sale department
 - Inspire, make results visual, meaningful and tangible. Emphasize the positives and awareness of trade-offs. Involve them to promote study results and support next steps.

What has NOT been successful:

Sharing too much detail and exact numbers. LCA deals with ranges and approximations. Always share normalized data or percentages.
 Engineers take numbers very seriously to decimal point level.



HELP THEM APPRECIATE THE ANALYSIS

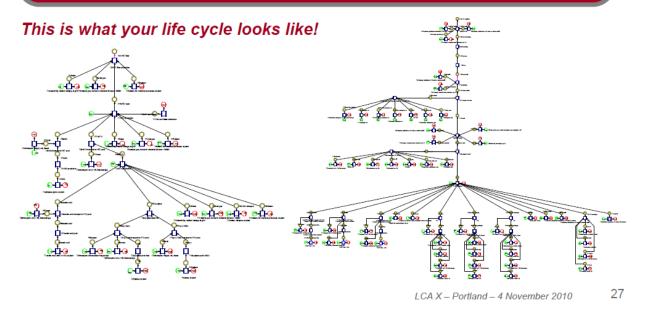




HELP THEM APPRECIATE THE ANALYSIS

Best Practice - Show them the mess!

Showing a screenshot of the life cycle model can illustrate the complexity of LCA without adding confusing detail regarding the specific processes modeled

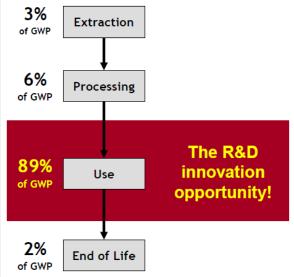


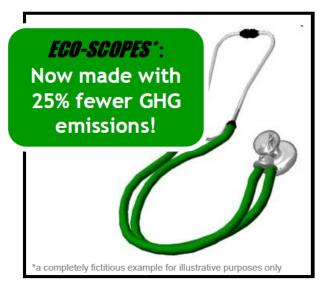
MAKE IT MEANINGFUL FOR THEM

Best Practice - Put it in their terms

Showing how the results can be used can help the commissioner better understand the results of the study

For R&D – highlight the opportunity! For Marketing – illustrate a claim!





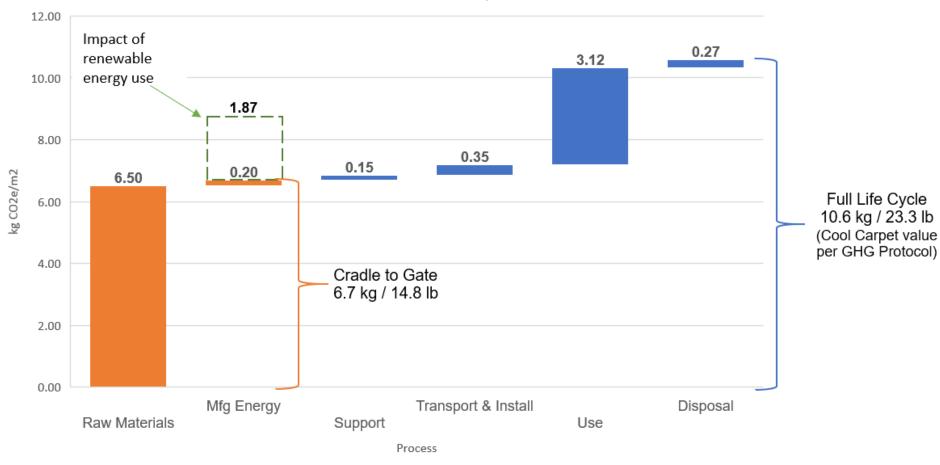
LCA X – Portland – 4 November 2010

KEY TAKEAWAY?





Average Carbon Footprint of Carpet Cradle to Gate vs. Full Life Cycle



Support - includes carbon emissions from energy used at leased facilities (showrooms, offices, etc.) **Use** - includes carbon emissions from energy used for customer maintenance (7 years average life)

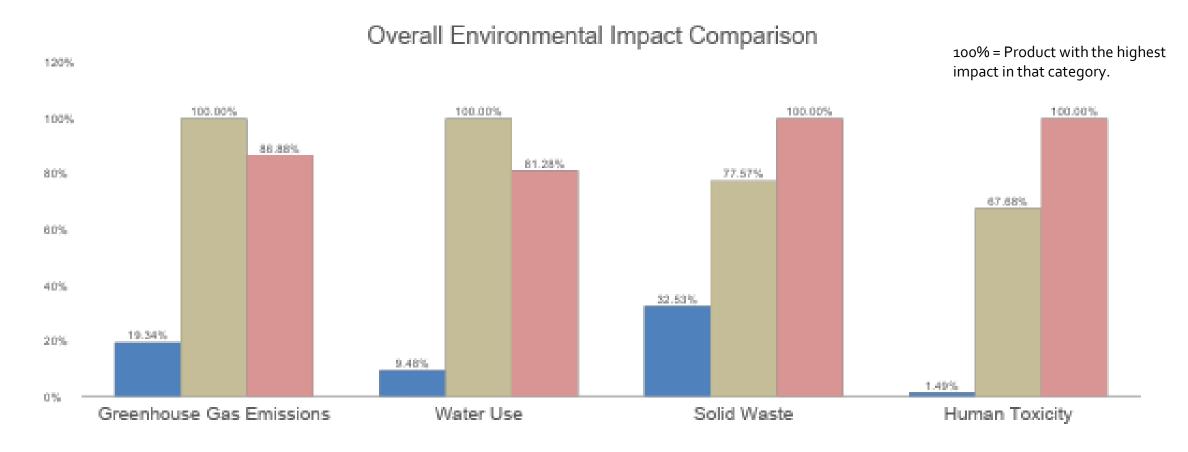
<ADD TAKEAWAY>





EXAMPLE product option is favorable across all impact categories.

We will use GHG emissions as a representative impact...



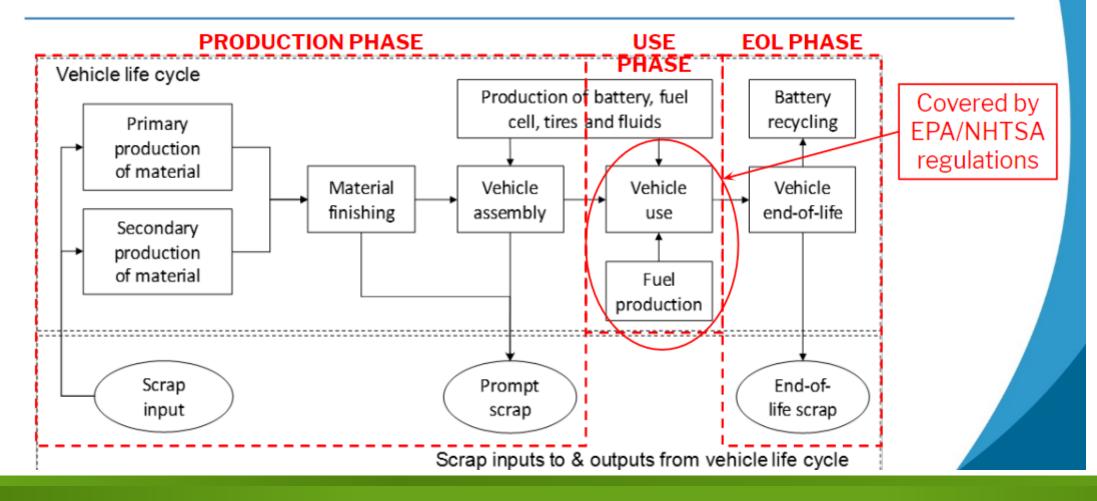
EXAMPLE - SYSTEM BOUNDARY IN TERMS OF LCA PHASES







Vehicle Life Cycle & Fuel Economy Regulations

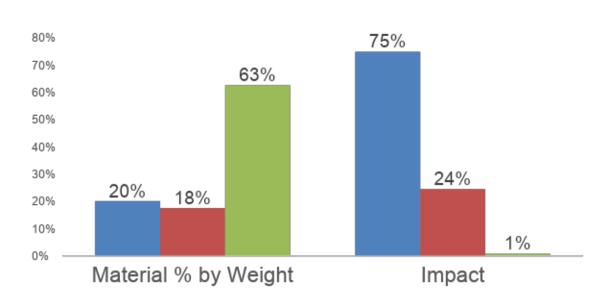


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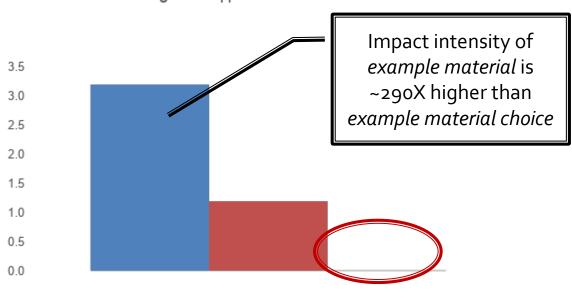


% weight vs. impact



Explanation of chart and material options here

GHG emissions intensity kg CO2eq per lb of material

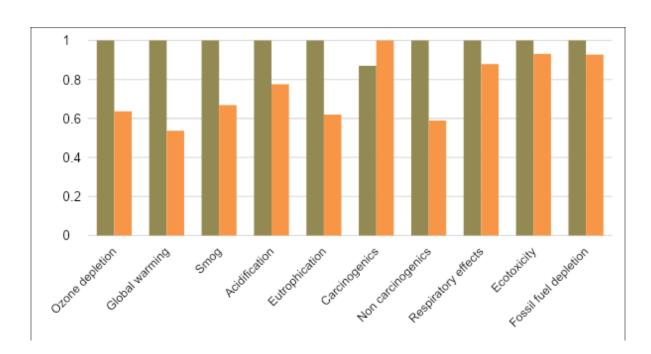


Explanation of chart and material options here

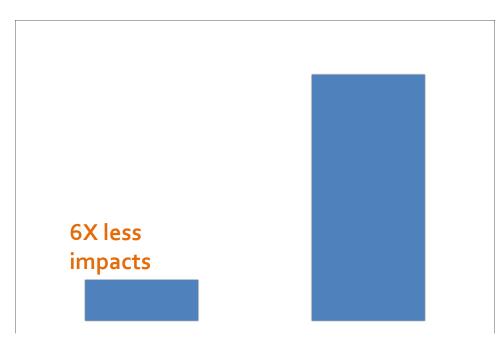
<Add Takeaway>







Single attributes such as "bio-based" doesn't always mean it's more sustainable. We can't just rely on marketing info.

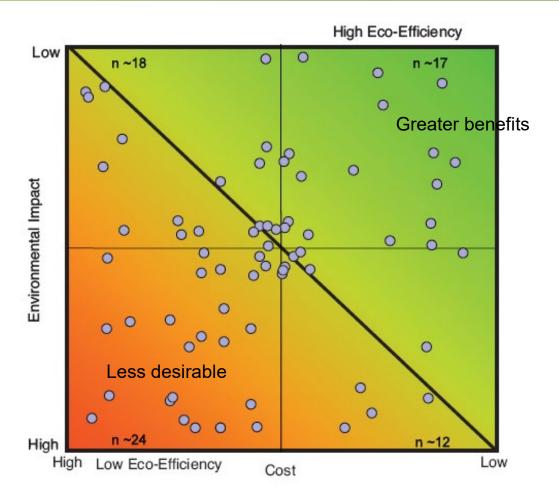


Specific explanation here

Perception vs. Reality (bio-based vs. fossil)

Eco-efficiency supports sound decision making





Eco-efficiency portfolio comparing a wide range of applications utilizing bio-based materials

Bio-based materials may not be "Green".

Analysis beats Greenwashing!

Analysis supports informed decision making!

Sustainability Communications - Avoid the Sins of Greenwashing





Sin of the Hidden Trade Off



Sin of Lesser of Two Evils



Sin of Vagueness



Sin of Fibbing



Sin of No Proof



Sin of Irrelevance



Sin of Worshiping False Labels





BUSINESS LEADERS

SUMMARY?



- What has been successful:
 - Customize the message to you audience! What types of media work best?
 - Webpage, poster, webinar, video, graphic, text/chart etc.
 - Be Concise. What does it tell them. Why is it relevant. How can they use it.



- What has NOT been successful:
 - Sharing every LCA results from the report
 - Highly technical discussions
- Examples on following slides:

PUT IN CONTEXT



Did you know?

Using SOKALAN may prevent, per year, the emission of...

12kg Carbon to the atmosphere



1 trip Sao Paulo Roundtrip, family car to Santos





Water volume saved

Equivalent to the daily consumption of





<ADD TAKEAWAY>



Effect of SOKALAN HP 56, in a house with 4 people



-20%

Environmental Impact Reduces the amount of water used

Reduces the amount of wastewater treated

Most Relevant Environmental Impact Categories



Climate Change



Water Depletion



Freshwater Eutrophication



Acid Rain

80% of the total environmental impact

Impact through the value chain





Manufacturing of detergent and softener

46%



Use Phase Water and Electricity 44%

₩astewater ₩ treatment



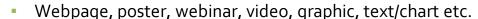


MARKETING GROUPS

Communication of LCA results to organizational influencers Marketing Groups



- What has been successful:
 - Customize the message to you audience! What types of media work best?
 - Sharing information that can help tell a compelling story



- Be Concise. What does it tell them. Why is it relevant. How can they use it.
- What has NOT been successful:
 - Sharing too much detail needed for decision making
- Examples on following slides:



<ADD TAKEAWAY>



Radio Flyer

Additional Sustainability Info



LEED PLATINUM HQ

We were awarded the title in 2014 for features like geo-thermal heating.

GREAT PLACE TO WORK

We are constantly recognized for our great culture and benefits

BUILDING PLAYGROUNDS

We have built 8 Playgrounds in partnership with Kaboom!

PLANTING TREES

We work with the Arbor Day Foundation to plant a tree for each radioflyer.com purchase.

DONATIONS

Over the past 10 years we have donated over 40,000 toys to children in need.

BIG FLYER SPORT

A new trike is PVC-free, made with low-impact materials and made in the USA!

BUILT TO LAST

From 2015-16 we shipped over 123,000 replacement parts to extend the life of our toys.

SAFE MATERIALS

Our Sustainable Chemistry program restricts hazardous substances from our products.

SOCIAL COMPLIANCE

Over 99% of overseas products ship from factories with ICP Seals of Compliance.

LANDFILL FREE HQ

We are striving to be a zero-landfill HQ; today 96% of waste at HQ is recycled.

VMV

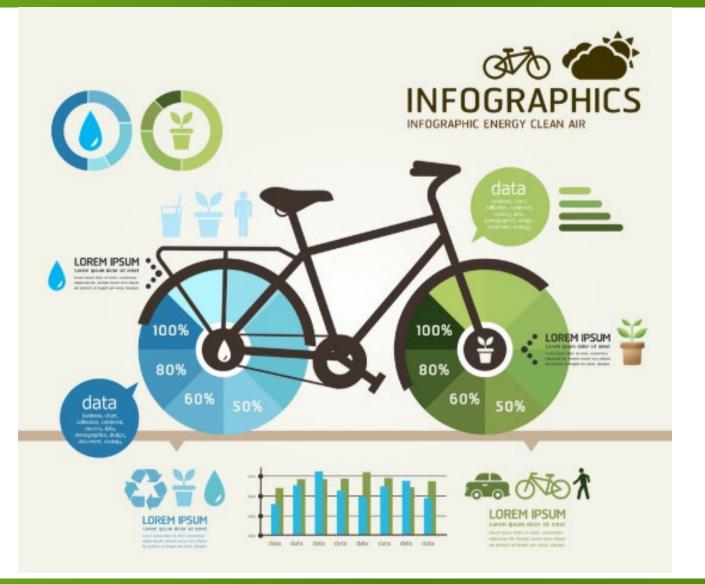
Our Vision, Mission and Values guide everything we do at Radio Flyer.

PRODUCT SCORECARD

A tool to help reach our Sustainability Criteria goal.

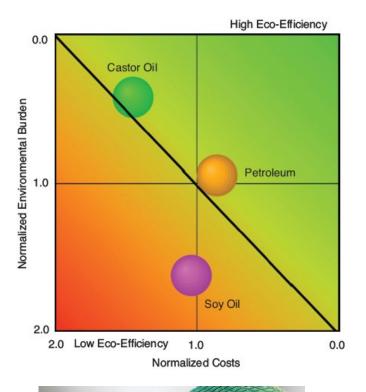
<ADD TAKEAWAY>

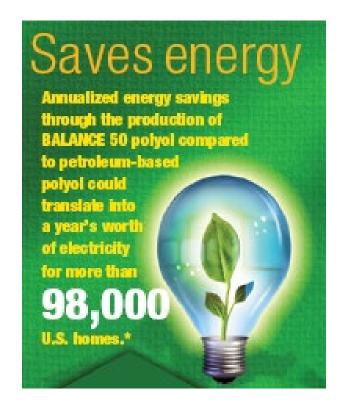




Pluracol® Balance (PM) – polyols for flexible foams Renewable feedstock vs. fossil based feedstock















Effective results communication using environmental equivalencies





SUSTAINABILITY TRAINING

SUMMARY



- What has been successful:
 - Customize the message to you audience! What types of media work best?
 - Webpage, poster, webinar, lunch & learn, video, graphic, text/chart etc.
 - Show examples of EPDs and try to include how that specific EPD helped your company
 - Define LCA, EPD, and PCR and expand on... How they are linked? What is their value?
 - What is the expected timeline to complete?
 - Life Cycle Assessment: the process/methodology
 - Environmental Product Declaration: output or outcome of LCA
 - Product Category Rule: starting point, framework & rules (typically developed by industry)
 - Briefly reviews the various types of impacts that can be studied



- Technical jargon & acronyms
- Examples on following slides:







Guidelines for Providing Product Sustainability Information – Link to PDF





Guidelines for Providing Product Sustainability Information

Global guidance on making effective environmental, social and economic claims, to empower and enable consumer choice



Sustainability Communications Guidelines for Providing Product Sustainability Information



FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES



RELIABILITY

Build your claims on a reliable basis

- Accurate and scientifically true
- Robust and consistent
- Substantiated data and assumptions



CLARITY

Make the information useful for the consumer

- Exclusive and direct link between claim and product
- Explicit and easy to understand
- Limits of claim clearly stated



RELEVANCE

Talk about major improvements, in areas that matter

- Significant aspects ('hotspots') covered
- Not masking poor product performance, no burden shifting
- Genuine benefit which goes beyond legal compliance



Sustainability Communications Guidelines for Providing Product Sustainability Information



FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES



TRANSPARENCY

Satisfy the consumer's appetite for information, and do not hide

- Developer of the claim and provider of evidence published
- Traceability and generation of claim (methods, sources, etc.) published
- Confidential information open to competent bodies



ACCESSIBILITY

Let the information get to the consumer, not the other way around

- Clearly visible: claim easily found
- Readily accessible: claim close to the product, and at required time and location

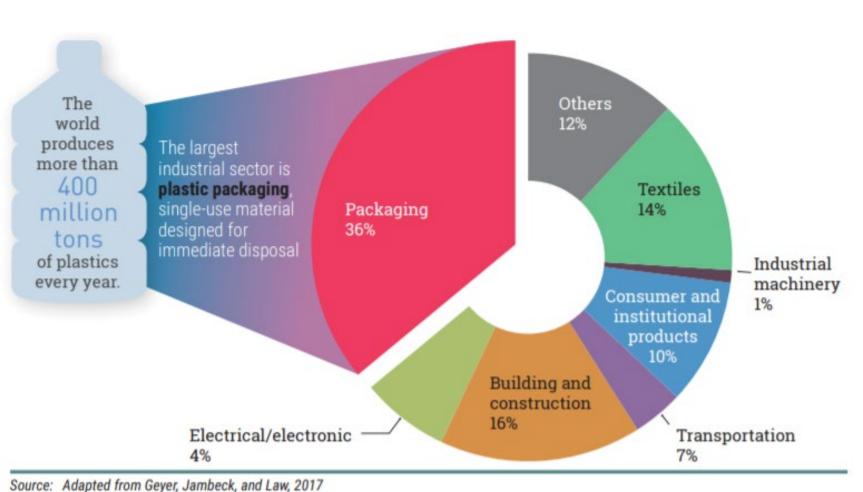


LCA OVERVIEW











WHAT IS NEEDED FOR AN EPD?











PCR Product Category Rules

LCA Life Cycle Assessment

EPD Environmental Product Declaration

IS LCA VALUABLE, HOW CAN IT HELP MY BUSINESS?





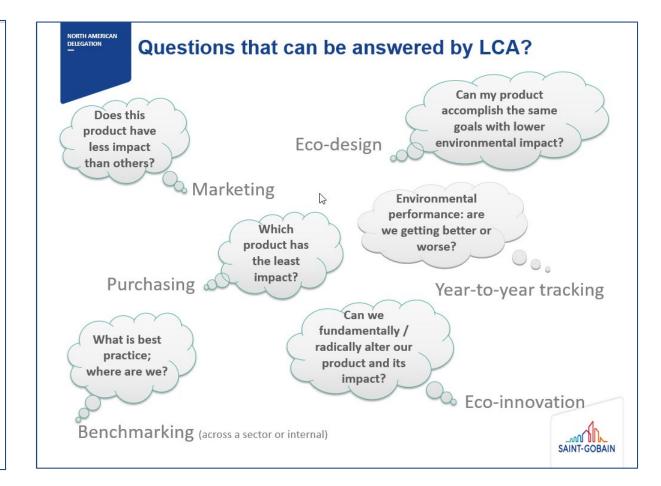
Why Invest in LCA?

- To respond to our customers demands
 - Construction projects under building schemes (LEED, BREEAM, Green Globes...)
- To market SG Products
 - Support company sustainability philosophy
- Push transparency
 - · Assess producer responsibility
- To assess and reduce our environmental impacts
 - · Including unfamiliar impacts we don't normally see or consider
- Set impacts in context
 - · Relative to each other and relative to each life cycle state
- Be the "pioneer" on the market
- Compare with industry or competitors
 - Strict rules apply for external comparisons



| Building environmental labels | LCA requirements | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Green Globes | Performance approach evaluation | | |
| LEED | As a bonus in LEED 2009 criteria "Innovation and design" | | |
| BREEAM | and as a criteria in LEED v4 version. In criteria 01, 02, 03 and 04 of "Materials". | | |









SUSTAINABILITY EXPERTS

SUMMARY



What has been successful:

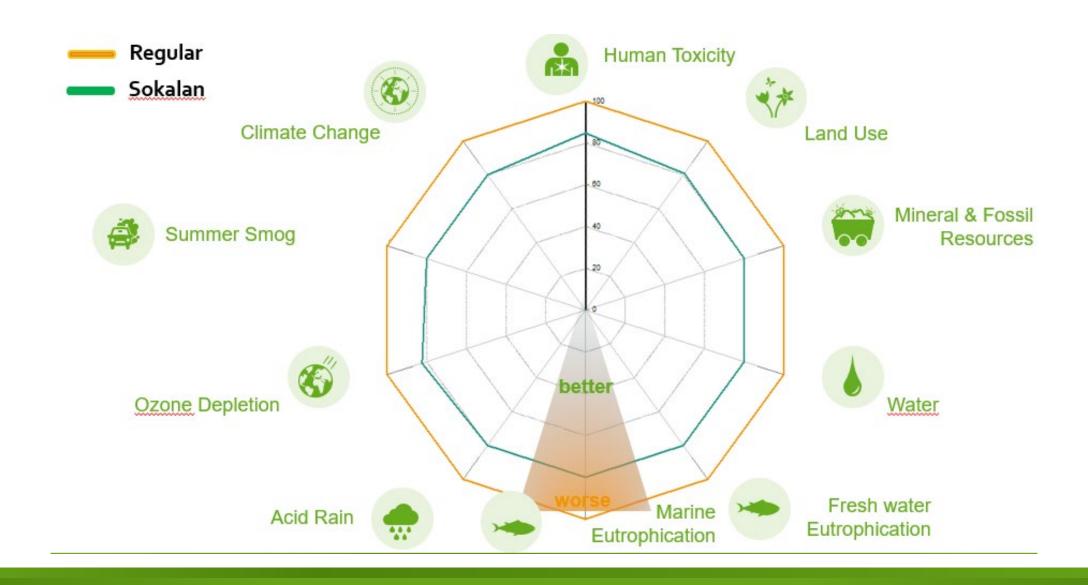
- Provide high -level overview of LCA, if not familiar, emphasizing the following:
 - o LCA is not a new method (first LCA conducted in the late '60s!)
 - o It is governed by ISO standards that address data quality requirements, critical review, etc.
 - It allows for holistic assessment of impacts and evaluation of trade-offs/burden shifting between life cycle stages impacts
- Discuss results in clear and concise manner
 - O Use charts/graphs when possible
 - o Provide simple description of LCIA impact categories
- Explain important sensitivity and scenario analyses
- Address inherent limitations of LCA and any significant study limitations or data gaps

What has NOT been successful:

- Overstate the precision or accuracy of the results
- Provide more detail than necessary, even though the audience may be familiar with technical sustainability topics
- Tout LCA as the only method for sustainability assessments, but instead note that it compliments other approaches sustainability experts may already be familiar with











EXTERNAL CUSTOMERS/INVESTORS

SUMMARY



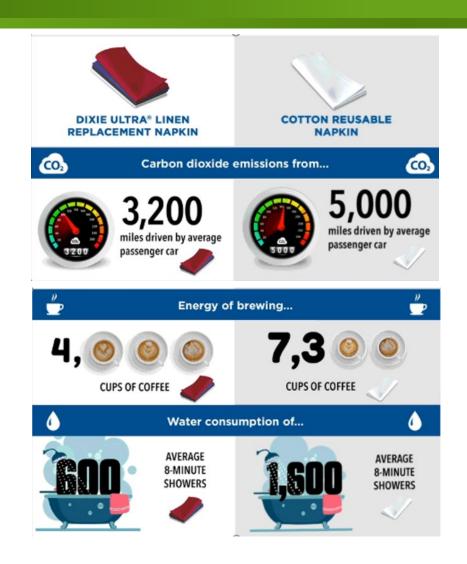
- What has been successful:
 - Customize the message to you audience! What types of media work best?
 - Webpage, poster, webinar, video, graphic, text/chart etc.
 - Keep it simple. Apply to a real world situation. Leave with an easy takeaway
 - Comparative LCA results are the strongest
 - Relate to customers point of view
 - Consider what the customer values beyond sustainability?

- What has NOT been successful:
 - Highly technical results that aren't in placed in a customer context.
 - Displaying every LCA result from the LCA report
- Examples on following slides:



Graphics to display the results





Cloth vs. Paper Napkins

Study by Georgia Pacific

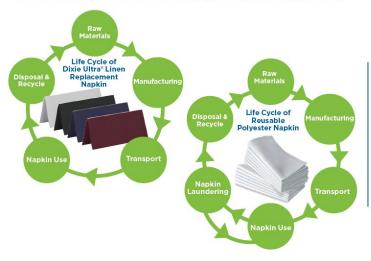
Provide context and lead your reader to the main takeaways



How do Full Service Restaurant napkins impact the environment? **The results may surprise you.**

Dixie Ultra® Linen Replacement Napkins have certain environmental advantages over Polyester Reusable restaurant napkins, according to a recent study.*

The ISO 14040/14044 compliant study completed by GP PRO considered disposable and reusable napkins over the entire useful life of the napkins. The study findings were critiqued and validated by the Athena Institute, a global expert in sustainability.



Environmental impacts categories assessed:

Global Warming Potential

Ozone Depletion Potential

Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential

Eutrophication Potential

Acidification Potential

Primary Energy Demand

Net Freshwater Consumption

The environmental impact of these napkins is annually equivalent¹ to:

| | Dixie Ultra* Linen Replacement Napkin | Polyester Reusable Napkin | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Carbon dioxide emissions from | 3,200 √ miles driven by average passenger car | 5,300 miles driven by average passenger car | | |
| Energy of brewing | 4,000 √ Cups of coffee | 8,600 Cups of coffee | | |

Full study findings available upon request. To learn more about GP PRO's full line of napkins, visit **www.gppro.com/products/napkins**. And for more information on GP PRO's commitment to sustainability, visit **www.gppro.com/sustainability**.

gppro.com

1-866-HELLO GP (435-5647)

PERFORMANCE AT WORK™

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* ISO 14040/14044 compliant study conducted by Georgia-Pacific LLC

1. Assuming 125 meal occasions per day and open 312 days per year for average restaurant. Based on information from

https://www.quora.com/How-many-daily-customers-can-an-average-well-located-80-seater-restaurant-realistically-serve-in-a-large-city-such-as-New-York-Hong-Kong-or-London



Dos & Don'ts

Table 4: Example for explicit and easy to understand information

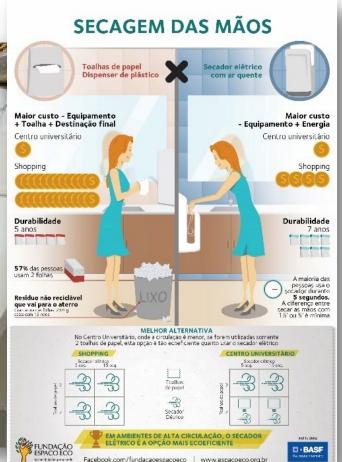
| Table 4. Example for explicit and easy to understand information | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Product: Box of Chocolates | Do (company A) | Don't (company B) | Product: T-Shirt Claim and applied method | Do (company A) "Our T-Shirts are organic" | Don't (company B) "Our T-Shirts are organic" | | |
| Claim | BOX - CAND windely recycled windely recycled where TRNY - PLASTIC check local recycling polycorrectly recycled 200 grain C | | | Method: GOTS Version 5.0 | Method: [Hypothetical] RTS Standard | | |
| Discussion | Concise visual information, complemented by simple text, helps the consumer to understand not only if the product packaging is recyclable but also whether it can be recycled based on the availability of recycling infrastructure. Guidance is further provided for individual packaging components, in this case also different types of plastics used for the inner tray and film. It is also clear to the consumer what his/her role is, i.e. to recycle. Further information on the label: www.OPRL.org.uk | While the Mobius loop is an internationally recognised symbol for recycling, its use without text assumes that all consumers understand its meaning; and/or that all of the product's material can be recycled. It also only shows that the packaging is recyclable but not that this recycling is actually available via local infrastructure. If wanting to comply with the international standard ISO 14021 (ISO 2016a) a qualified claim must adequately convey the limited availability of collection facilities. | Discussion | Company A has participated in the GOTS certification scheme. The GOTS standard is an accepted methodology to guarantee a minimum content of organic fibre (+95%), the exclusion of hazardous substances in garments sold as organic, plus social requirements. Compliance is based on annual independent inspections at production sites. Revision processes of the standard are based on a collaborative approach and include participation of relevant stakeholders (e.g. Ecological and Toxicological Association of Dyes and Organic Pigments, Social Accountability International, International or Clean Clothes Campaign). GOTS criteria cover the entire supply chain from fibre to end product. | Company B bases its claim on its own (hypothetical) labelling standard. It would need independent assurance or endorsement by a scientific institution or government that the methodology is robust, e.g. to ensure that the T-Shirt is made from organic cotton and that there is sufficient evidence to back up this claim. Without sufficient transparency/documentation on the supply chain and production processes the claim cannot prove to be accurate. | | |

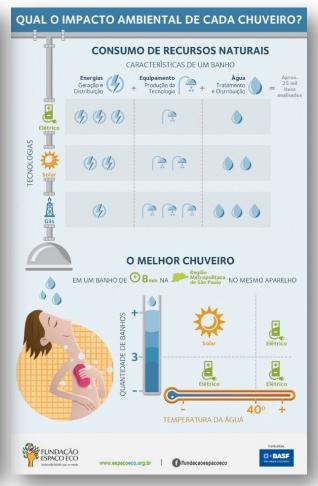
Table 1: Example of accuracy and robustness



Save up to 20% of water and energy when doing the laundry!

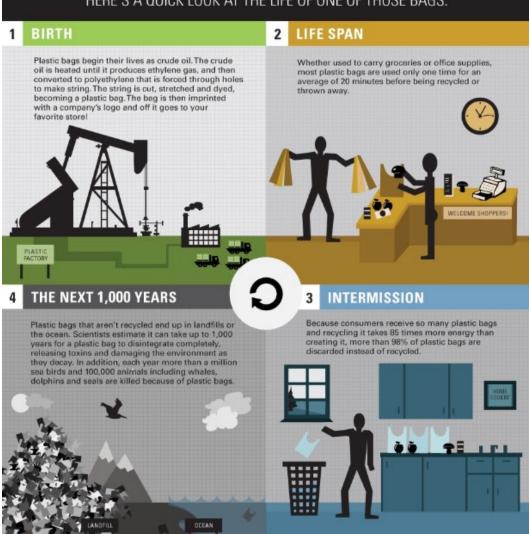








5 TRILLION BAGS ARE PRODUCED EACH YEAR.HERE'S A QUICK LOOK AT THE LIFE OF ONE OF THOSE BAGS.



The Life Cycle of a Plastic Bag [Infographic]







WHAT ARE WE DOING ABOUT IT?

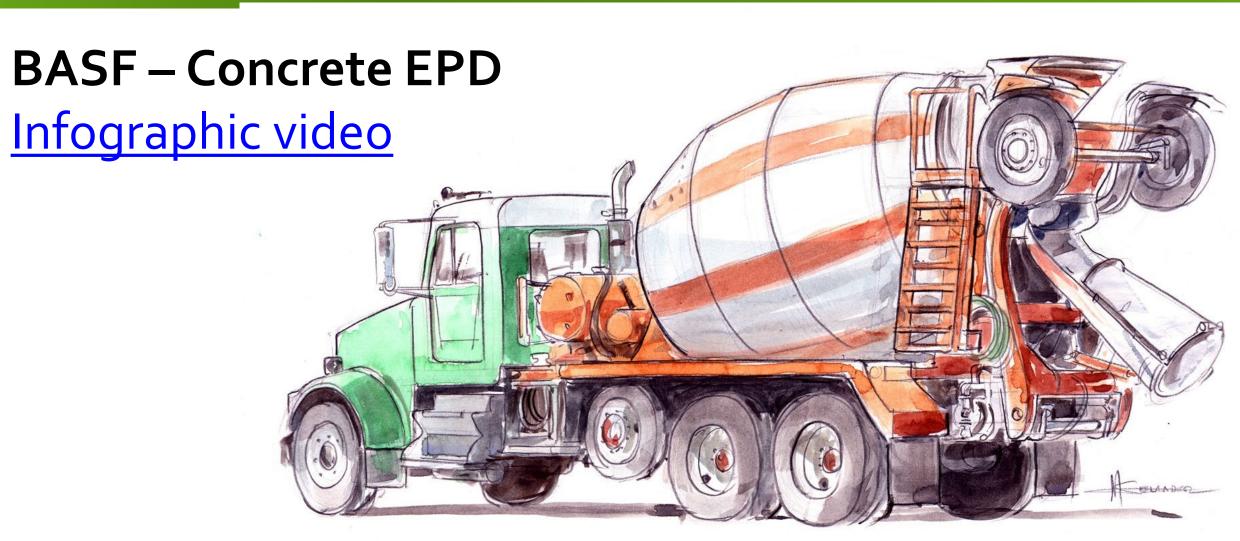
HERE'S A QUICK LOOK AT A FEW PLACES AROUND THE WORLD THAT HAVE BANNED PLASTIC BAGS, OR PLACED A TAX ON THEIR USE.



Although you may only use a plastic bag for about 20 minutes, its lifespan is much longer than that.

In fact, it could sit in a landfill for 1,000 years — that is, if, by then, it hasn't been picked up by animals, potentially eaten and posing a more significant threat to their health.

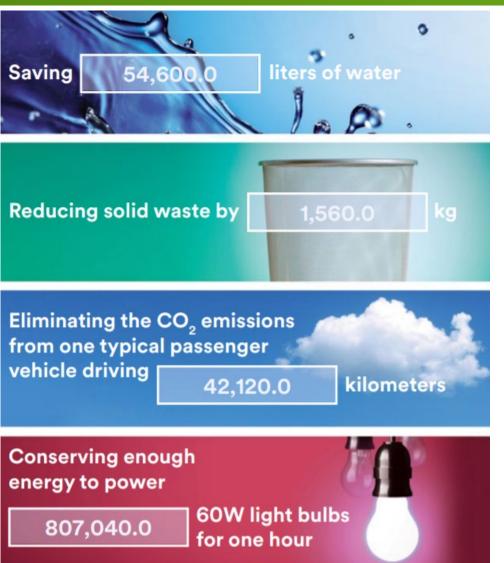




Communication of LCA results to organizational influencers External Customers/Investors - EXAMPLE









CircuitBac Green

Carpet backing based on bio-plastics

Interface Carpet
Sustainability Info



Workgroup #1 – Communication of LCA results to organizational influencers



Participants

- Jana Fogarty- Kohler (co-leader)
- Keith Lindemulder Nucor (co-leader)
- Carrie Pearson- 3M
- Brandie Sebastian- AISI
- Nagapooja Seeba Whirlpool
- Beth Ann Cano- Saint-Gobain
- Mandy Montazeri- Kohler
- Connie Hensler- Interface
- Russ Balzer- Phoenix Group
- Alison Conroy- Georgia-Pacific
- Bruce Uhlman BASF